



Yuvasakti Model School

— इहोईहा aur इअइकरोति

RAMA VIHAR, DELHI - 110081

(Affiliated to CBSE and Recognised by Directorate of Education)



Session :- (2025-26)

Class- VI

ENGLISH

Reading and writing skills:-

Daily read a chapter from story book (David Copperfield by Charles Dickens)

- write 10 difficult words with meaning.
- Write the summary of each story in about 50 words.

Grammar worksheets

Exercise 1 – Identify the type of sentence

Read the following sentences and identify the type of sentence.

1. Please shut the windows and doors.
2. Do you like chocolate pastries?
3. My name is Astrid Gracy.
4. Where are you going?
5. Such a beautiful place!
6. Go and try this new flavour.
7. Today is Monday.
8. Please clean your cupboard today.
9. Turn off all the lights and fans when you leave the room.
10. May I come in?
11. How would you like your coffee?
12. I love reading storybooks.
13. Never tell lies.
14. The Earth revolves around the Sun.
15. Alas! We lost the trophy.

Exercise 2 – Punctuate

Go through the following sentences and punctuate them appropriately.

Wow, such a beautiful dress

Do you want to go to the café

Please bring me a cup of tea

Simran is an intelligent girl

Did you meet Mr Stephen Hawking

Alas, my dog died

The rainbow is so beautiful

You should respect the views of others

Captain America saved the little boy

Please follow the traffic signals

Can you tell me the time

What a splendid match

Emily Bronte wrote Wuthering Heights

Do not run in the corridors

Always help the poor

Exercise 3 – Change the Gender

The lioness was ready to pounce.

The actor acted quite well in the movie.

My uncle lives in New York.

My father works in a government office.

The gentleman gave me this chocolate.

The king ruled with sincerity.

She was the duchess of Stanford.

The waiter brought us our food.

The prince succeeded his father.

The cock started calling at the break of dawn

Exercise 4 – Identify the Type of Noun

Read the following sentences and identify the type of noun used.

Kolkata is the capital of West Bengal.

The Royal Bengal Tiger is found in the Sunderbans.

The jury gave a unanimous verdict.

Laughter is good for health.

The crowd is very big.

The elephant is an intelligent animal.

The Ganges is a sacred river.

The bravery of the soldier saved the day.

I bought furniture for my new house.

King Solomon was very wise.

The man was riding a white horse.

The shepherd took the flock of sheep to the field.

That table is newly polished.

I believed her innocence.

I need your honest opinion.

Maths

1. Write table 2 to 20 in your copy.
2. Write and complete the sequence in your copy.
 - 1) 1, 3, 5, 7, _____
 - 2) 2, 4, 6, 8, _____
 - 3) 1, 8, 27, 64, 125, _____
 - 4) 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, _____
 - 5) 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, _____
 - 6) 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, _____
 - 7) 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, _____
 - 8) 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, _____
 - 9) 7, 14, 21, 28, _____
 - 10) 6, 12, 18, 24, _____
3. Write 10 palindrome numbers between 10 and 1000.
4. Write digit sum of all the numbers between 50 to 100.
5. Draw the following angle on colourful paper and paste it in school maths register. 60° , 45° , 90° , 30° , 180°
6. Take print out of following worksheet and solve it.

Lines and Angles – Worksheet

1. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

1. **Which of the following are parallel lines?**
 - a) Lines that intersect at one point
 - b) Lines that never meet
 - c) Lines that meet at a right angle
 - d) Lines that form a circle
2. **What is the angle between two perpendicular lines?**
 - a) 90°
 - b) 180°
 - c) 45°
 - d) 60°
3. **Which of the following pairs of angles are complementary?**
 - a) 30° and 60°
 - b) 45° and 45°

- c) 90° and 90°
- d) 50° and 100°
- 4. **Which of the following angles is obtuse?**
 - a) 45°
 - b) 60°
 - c) 120°
 - d) 180°
- 5. **What type of angle is less than 90° ?**
 - a) Acute angle
 - b) Right angle
 - c) Obtuse angle
 - d) Reflex angle

2. True or False

- 6. **An acute angle is always greater than 90° .** (True / False)
- 7. **Two lines that do not meet are called parallel lines.** (True / False)
- 8. **The sum of two complementary angles is 180° .** (True / False)
- 9. **A reflex angle is always between 90° and 180° .** (True / False)
- 10. **A straight angle measures 180° .** (True / False)

3. Fill in the Blanks

- 11. Two lines that never meet and are always equidistant are called _____ lines.
- 12. Angles that together form a straight line are called _____ angles.
- 13. An angle that measures 90° is called a _____ angle.
- 14. Angles that add up to 180° are called _____ angles.
- 15. A _____ angle is greater than 90° but less than 180° .

4. Short Answer Questions

- 16. **What is the difference between acute and obtuse angles?**
- 17. **What is the sum of the angles on a straight line?**
- 18. **Explain the term "intersecting lines" with an example.**
- 19. **How do you identify parallel lines?**
- 20. **What are vertical angles?**

5. Draw and Label

- 21. Draw a pair of **parallel lines** and a pair of **perpendicular lines**. Label the angles formed at the intersection.
- 22. Draw an **acute angle**, a **right angle**, and an **obtuse angle**. Label each of them.
- 23. Draw and label an example of **complementary angles**.

A. Fill in the missing numbers:

2, 4, 6, ____, ____, ____

5, 10, 15, ____, ____

81, 72, 63, ____, ____

1, 4, 9, 16, ____, ____

100, 90, ____, 70, ____

B. Identify the pattern and continue the series:

1, 2, 4, 8, 16, ____, ____

50, 45, 40, 35, ____, ____

2, 3, 5, 8, 12, ____, ____

100, 200, 300, ____, ____

0, 3, 6, 9, ____, ____

C. Odd One Out (Circle the number that doesn't belong in the pattern):

2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 13, 14

1, 4, 9, 16, 20, 25

5, 10, 15, 17, 20

100, 90, 85, 80, 70

7, 14, 21, 25, 28

D. Complete the pattern (write the next 2 terms):

1, 3, 6, 10, 15, ____, ____

64, 32, 16, 8, ____, ____

11, 22, 44, ____, ____

9, 18, 27, 36, ____, ____

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, ____, ____

Worksheet: Number play

Section A: Fill in the blanks

437 rounded to the nearest tens is _____.

3,258 rounded to the nearest hundreds is _____.

8,625 rounded to the nearest thousands is _____.

When we estimate, we get an answer that is _____ to the actual answer.

The estimated sum of 398 and 207 is _____.

Section B: Multiple Choice Questions (Tick the correct option)

What is 7,843 rounded to the nearest hundred?

7,800

7,840

7,900

7,850

Estimate the difference: $6,212 - 3,498$

2,500

2,700

3,000

3,200

Which of the following numbers is closest to 600?

549

572

615

678

Section C: Estimate and answer

Estimate the sum of 1,234 and 2,781 (Round to nearest hundred):

Answer: _____

Estimate the product: 49×18 (Round each number to the nearest ten):

Answer: _____

A school has 488 students and plans a trip. Each bus can carry around 50 students. About how many buses are needed?

Answer: _____

Section D: Match the column (Estimation)

Actual Value	Estimated Value
--------------	-----------------

849 (nearest 10).	A. 320
1,673 (nearest 100)	B. 2,000
2,459 (nearest 1,000)	C. 850
315 (nearest 10)	D. 1,700

हिंदी

एक प्रेरणादायक कहानी लिखिए जिसमें नैतिक शिक्षा हो।

1) सुलेख अभ्यास-

- रोज एक पृष्ठ सुन्दर लेखन का अभ्यास करें।

(अपनी पाठ्य पुस्तक से)

2) हर अक्षर (क, ख, म, प आदि) से दो-दो कठिन शब्द ढूँढ़ें और उनके अर्थ लिखिए।

3) संज्ञा या सर्वनाम पर एक TLM तैयार करें।

4) वर्ण विचार:

- स्वर तथा व्यंजन के लिए फ्लैश कार्ड तैयार कीजिए।

5) हिंदी पाठमाला व व्याकरण के पाठ 1, 2 याद करें।

- सामान्य निर्देश: पूरा कार्य अपनी हिंदी की पाठ्य पुस्तक में करें।
- कार्य साफ़ सुन्दर करें।

DRAWING

Complete page 10 to 20 in drawing book / Art file.

Make a poster on -(according to roll number.)

1 to 7 --Save girl child

8 to 14-- padhega India badhega India

15 to 21--- Save environment

22 to 28--- Yoga day

29 to 35--- Save water

36 to 42--- Swatchh bharat

Take any colourful sheet and cut flowers. (15)

Complete all work very neatly.

संस्कृत – पाठमाला

पाठ – 3, 4 याद करो व लिख कर अभ्यास करो।

गणना 1) से (20 तक याद करे।

पठ् धातुरूप) लट् लकार (याद करो।

पांच जानवर व पक्षियों चित्र बनाकर नाम लिखो ।A3 size sheet per)

दि गई कार्य पत्रिकाओं का अभ्यास करो।

G.K/M.Ed.

- Learn Ch-2 Young Minds, Clever Thoughts.
- List the 5 famous monuments of India and write 5 points about them. Also paste the pictures of monuments. (Do this work in M.Ed. notebook.)
- Do the following worksheet.

(Worksheet- 10, 11, 12, 13, 23, 26, 27)

**10**

First of India

Look at the pictures, read the descriptions and name the persons. You may use the Help Box.

1

Name the first President of Indian National Congress.

.....

2

Name the first Indian woman to conquer the Everest.

.....

3

Name the first Indian Governor of a British Province.

.....

4

Name the first Indian Chief justice of India.

.....

5

Name the first Indian in Space.

.....

6

Name the first woman judge of Supreme Court.

.....

7

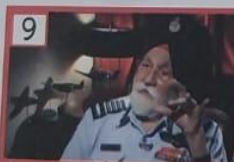
Name the first scientist to get Bharat Ratna Award.

.....

8

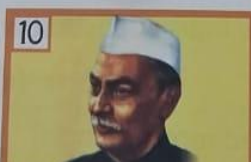
Name the first Indian to win a Nobel Prize.

.....

9

Name the first Indian Air Chief Marshal.

.....

10

Name the first President of the Indian Union.

.....

Help Box



Sqn. Ldr. Rakesh Sharma, Fathima Beevi, Womesh Chandra Bonnerjee, Lord S. P. Sinha, Justice Harilal J. Kania, Bachendri Pal, Arjan Singh, Rabindra Nath Tagore, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, C.V. Raman

Before 15th August, 1947, the Britishers were the ruler of India, and many Indians were fighting with them to make India free from them. They were our freedom fighters.

Now, look at the pictures, read the descriptions and name the freedom fighters.



1. The iron man of India, gave up his practice in order to fight for the freedom of the country. As the Deputy Prime Minister of free India, he became the architect of the integrity of India by merging hundreds of princely states with the Indian Union. _____



2. He is known as Netaji. He formed Azad Hind Fauj and fought against the British forces. _____



3. She was the queen of Jhansi. She died near Sonerakha Nullah while fighting against the British. _____



4. He threw two bombs in the Central Legislative Assembly on April 8, 1929. He was hanged on March 23, 1931 by British Government. _____



5. A famous revolutionary from Punjab, hanged on March 23, 1931 with Bhagat Singh and Rajguru. He was involved in killing of DSP Saunders, Lahore Conspiracy case and the bombing of the Central Assembly Hall. _____



6. He was the youngest of the revolutionary of the Indian Independence Movement who was sentenced to death in 1908 (he was only 18 years old.) for killing the family of Barrister Kennedy. _____



7. He formed the Hindustan Socialist Republican Army. He shot himself dead while fighting against the British in Allahabad. _____



8. A famous revolutionary from Maharashtra, hanged on March 23, 1931 with Bhagat Singh and Sukhdev. He was involved in killing of DPS Saunders, Lahore Conspiracy case and the bombing of the Central Assembly Hall. _____

Help Box



Rajguru Rani Laxmi Bai Bhagat Singh Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
Sukhdev Khudiram Bose Chandra Shekhar Azad Subhash Chandra Bose



12

Famous Gardens of India

Knowledge of India

There are many beautiful gardens in India. Some of them have been built by kings in the past and some of them have been developed in modern times.

Pictures and brief descriptions of some famous gardens of India are given below. Identify them and write their names.

Located in Bengaluru, it is a famous botanical garden built in 1889.



1. _____

Located in Mumbai, it is known for its structure called Boot House.



2. _____

Located on the banks of Dal Lake in Srinagar, it is a terraced Mughal garden built by Asif Khan in 1633.



3. _____

Located in Mysore, near KRS Dam, it is known for its symmetry and musical fountains.



4. _____

Located in Delhi, it is a garden built by Roshanara Begum, Shah Jahan's second daughter.



5. _____

Located in Delhi in the Rashtrapati Bhawan, it was designed by Edwin Lutyens.



6. _____

Located in Chandigarh it is said to be the Asia's largest garden with over 1600 varieties of roses in it.



7. _____

Located in Jodhpur, this palace garden was built in 1929 by Henry Lanchester.



8. _____

Located in Srinagar, it was constructed by Ali Mardan Khan, a governor of Mughal Emperor Shahjahan in 1632.



9. _____

Located near Bharatpur, Rajasthan, it has beautiful fountains and water palaces.



10. _____

This famous Bagh lies at the far end of the Dal lake. It was planned by Emperor Jahangir to please his loving wife Noor Jahan.



11. _____

Located in Panchkula and known as Yadavindra Garden. This garden was built by Patiala Dynasty rulers.



12. _____

Help Box

Mughal Garden, Rose Garden, Chashme Shahi, Brindavan Garden, Lal Bagh, Roshanara Bagh, Nishat Bagh, Kamla Nehru Park, Shalimar Bagh, Deegh Palace Garden, Pinjore Garden, Umaid Bhawan Garden



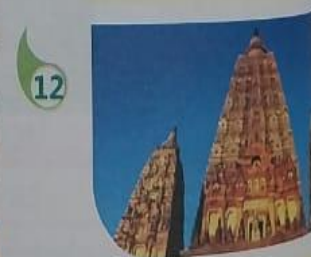
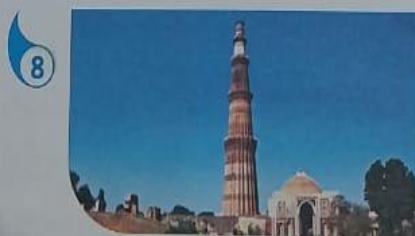
13

Famous Monuments

Knowledge
India

India is a big country. It has a number of historical monuments, which represent culture and traditions.

Here are pictures of some famous monuments of India. Identify and write their names. You may use the Help Box.



Help Box

Golden Temple, Hawa Mahal, Sun Temple, Somnath

Temple, Taj Mahal, Qutub Minar, Moti Masjid, Sun Temple, Ajanta Caves,

**23**

Collective Noun

Multidisciplinary Learning

A collective noun is the name of a number or collection of persons or things taken together and spoken of as a whole.

Fill in the blanks with suitable Collective Nouns with the help of the Help Box.

1. A _____ of tools.
2. A _____ of directors.
3. A _____ of grass.
4. A _____ of sheep.
5. A _____ of flowers.
6. A _____ of musicians.
7. A _____ of soldiers.
8. A _____ of sticks.
9. A _____ of stones.
10. A _____ of workmen.
11. A _____ of cattle.
12. A _____ of puppies.
13. A _____ of players.
14. A _____ of books.
15. A _____ of ships.
16. A _____ of sailors.
17. A _____ of trees.
18. A _____ of fish.
19. A _____ of bees.
20. A _____ of wolves.

Help Box

Herd, Heap, Set, Tuft, Flock, Crew, Shoal, Board, Swarm, Pack, Bouquet, Team, Grove, Band, Gang, Fleet, Library, Litter, Bundle, Regiment

**26**

Proverbs

Cross Curricular
Learning

A proverb is a short sentence that people often quote. Which gives advice or tells us something about life.

Fill in the blanks to complete the following proverbs.

1. Beggars cannot be _____.
2. _____ is bliss.
3. Prevention is better than _____.
4. Everything is _____ in love and war.
5. Where there is a will there is a _____.
6. A _____ in need is a friend indeed.
7. Birds of a feather _____ together.
8. All that _____ is not gold
9. Every dog has his _____.
10. _____ was not built in a day.
11. Out of the frying pan, into the _____.
12. As you sow, so shall you _____.
13. People living in _____ houses, do not throw stones at others.
14. Hope for the _____, be prepared for the worst.
15. A _____ is worth a thousand words.

Help Box



Day,
Flock,
Way,
Reap,
Fire,
Cure,
Picture,
Best,
Glass,
Choosers,
Ignorance,
Fair,
Friend,
Glitters,
Rome

Did You Know?



Across the vast continent of Africa, many African nations disseminated these who used them.

SCIENCE

1. Learn and revise question answers of Chapter -11 and 3.

2. .Activity :-

i)Prepare a diet chart of 2 days by collecting information about what your family members eat at different times of the day. (Mention their name, age and food items eaten- in breakfast, lunch and dinner.

ii) “PREPARE A HERBARIUM” Collect the leaves of any ten plants ,dry them in the folds of a news paper, paste them in a scrap file and also write names of the plants, they belong to.

Note- Do these activity 1 in A4 type sheet.

3. Complete the following worksheets-

RIDDLES

➤ I'm needed in small amounts, but without me, your body's health may be in a drought.

What am I?

Answer: _____

➤ I'm a building block for your muscles and tissues, found in meat, beans, and sometimes in issues. What component of food am I?

Answer: _____

➤ I'm a source of quick energy, found in bread, pasta, and cakes aplenty. What am I?

Answer: _____

➤ I'm found in seeds, nuts, and some fishy treats, great for your brain and heartbeats. What nutrient am I?

Answer: _____

➤ I'm essential for strong bones and teeth, found in milk, cheese, and leafy greens beneath. What mineral am I?

Answer: _____

Fill in the blanks

- i. _____ and _____ mainly provide energy to our body.
- ii. A _____ can prevent deficiency disease.
- iii. Too much fat in the diet may lead to _____.
- iv. _____ helps our body to absorb nutrients from food.
- v. _____ gets easily destroyed by heat during cooking.
- vi. _____ helps in clotting of blood.
- vii. Deficiency of Vitamin D causes _____.
- viii. Deficiency of vitamin-C causes _____.
- ix. _____ makes up about 70% of our body weight.
- x. Cooking in too much water destroys _____ in food.
- xi. _____ is important for proper functioning of the digestive system.
- xii. Spinach is rich in _____.
- xiii. An oily patch on paper shows that food item contains _____.
- xiv. Minerals are needed in our body in _____ amount.
- xv. Dietary fibres are also known as _____.

Carbohydrates fats

obesity balanced diet

Vitamin C water

rickets Vitamin K

Scurvy water

nutrients

Fibre or roughage

fat roughage

iron small

Deficiency Diseases Worksheet

1. What is a deficiency disease?

- ☐ a. A disease that is passed from one person to another
- ☐ b. A disease that is caused by a pathogen
- ☐ c. A disease that is caused due to a lack of a nutrient

2. Where is the thyroid gland found?

- ☐ a. Face
- ☐ b. Neck
- ☐ c. Leg

3. Which deficiency disease causes "bleeding gum?"

- ☐ a. Goiter
- ☐ b. Scurvy
- ☐ c. Kwashiorkor

4. Which deficiency disease causes an enlargement of the thyroid gland?

- ☐ a. Goiter
- ☐ b. Scurvy
- ☐ c. Kwashiorkor

5. How many types of diseases are there?

- ☐ a. 2
- ☐ b. 3
- ☐ c. 4

6. Based on the photo below, use the word bank below to identify the type of deficiency.

Scurvy

Kwashiorkor

Goiter







7. Complete the table below with the correct response. .

DEFICIENCY	NUTRIENT
Kwashiorkor	
	Vitamin C
Goiter	

8. Give one example of where the following nutrients can be found:

a. Protein :

b. Vitamin C:

c. Iodine:

SOCIAL SCIENCE

WORKSHEET

PREJUDICE AND DISCRIMINATION

Ques1) Tick the correct option:

1. Prejudice are
 - a) Unfavourable opinions from without examination of facts
 - b) Positive opinion about our friends
 - c) Opinion that are meant to correct other
2. One of the basic cause of prejudice is
 - a) Respect
 - b) Knowledge
 - c) Lack of sensitivity
3. In a secular country
 - a) One religion can given preference
 - b) All religion is equal before the law
 - c) Discrimination is based on religion
4. The constitution of india state that
 - a) Official religion of india is hinduism
 - b) All citizen has to take permission of the state to travel across the country
 - c) All indians are equal before the law

Ques 2) State whether the following statement is true or false and rewrite the statement to correct them:

- 1) The constitution of India encourages religious intolerance.
- 2) Gender can give rise to inequality.
- 3) Dr. B.R Ambedkar played a key role in framing the Indian Constitution.
- 4) Untouchability has been legally banned in India.

Ques 3) Answer the following question in one sentence:

- 1) What is the result of social bias?
- 2) What is created when we fit all persons of a particular group into one fixed image?
- 3) How many categories of fundamental rights are there?
- 4) What is constitutional remedies?

Ques 4) State negative effects of prejudice. (In 30 to 40 words)

“CREATIVITY IS SEEING WHAT OTHERS SEE AND THINKING WHAT NO ONE ELSE THOUGHT.”

1. “India is a vast country: it contains multitudes”

A country as diverse as India is symbolized by the diversity of its culture. India has one of the largest collections of folk tradition, languages, monuments, food, festivals etc. one of the famous state of India “MANIPUR” is also known for its Intangible Cultural Heritage (ICH).

For Roll No. 1 to 10

On the basis of above information prepare a collage relating to Culture and Heritage of state “MANIPUR” on A-3 sheet.

2. Prepare model on Solar System and Globe.

For Roll No. 11 to 20 (Solar System)

For Roll No. 31 to 42 (Globe)

3. Learn all the chapters of social science thoroughly.

General instructions:

1. All the work should be done in legible handwriting.
2. Paste the worksheet of prejudice and discrimination in social science notebook and do the worksheet in notebook.

COMPUTER

- ❖ **Learn Book Work 1 & 2 and question**
- ❖ **Read Chapter-3**
- ❖ **Write about the various Generations of Computer on A4 Sheet**

*****Happy Holidays*****